Fee Notice under the Supervisory Bodies Law

For Accountants and Lawyers

Notice of Fees

Published in Article 21 of the Proceeds of Crime (Supervisory Bodies) (Jersey) Law

accordance with: 2008, as amended

Payable by or in relation to:

Firms of accountants and firms of lawyers

Pursuant to: Article 20 of the Proceeds of Crime (Supervisory Bodies) (Jersey) Law

2008, as amended

Commencement date: The fees set out in this notice and the attached schedules are effective

for the period from 1 January – 31 December 2024

1 Interpretation

1.1 In this notice, unless the context otherwise requires –

A firm of accountants	means a person or persons (including but not limited to a sole trader) who carry on business alone or with others that falls within the scope of paragraph 22 of Part 3 of Schedule 2 of the Proceeds of Crime (Jersey) Law 1999, as amended, and who are required to hold a registration under the Supervisory Bodies Law	
A firm of lawyers	means a person or persons (including but not limited to a sole trader) who carry on business alone or with others that falls within the scope of paragraph 21 of Part 3 of Schedule 2 of the Proceeds of Crime (Jersey) Law 1999, as amended, and who are required to hold a registration under the Supervisory Bodies Law	
Average	in respect of the calculation of the average number of relevant employees on the relevant dates(s) means the arithmetic mean of each number rounded to the nearest 0.25 of a person	
contract of employment, contract of service or partnership agreement	means an agreement between two or more parties whether express or implied and (if it is express) whether oral or in writing	
due date	means the due date for payment of any fee specified within this Notice of Fees or otherwise the due date for payment specified within an invoice for fees issued by the JFSC	
JFSC/Commission	means the Jersey Financial Services Commission	

relevant date(s)	means the last working day of each of the five previous years immediately preceding the calendar year to which the fee relates. Where there are fewer than five relevant dates for the purpose of a calculation within the Schedule, the averages calculated will be of each relevant date that is available for the calculation until there are sufficient relevant dates to perform the calculation as specified	
relevant employee	 means an individual who: (a) works under a contract of employment or any other contract of service (b) practises alone or with others under the terms of a partnership agreement or (c) is otherwise engaged within the business of a firm of accountants or lawyers 	
	 in all cases where: (i) the individual undertakes to do or perform, directly or indirectly, any work or service within a firm of accountants or lawyers, whether or not engaged directly by the firm of accountants or lawyers or through another entity forming part of the group of entities of which the firm of accountants or lawyers is a part, and 	
	the firm of accountants or lawyers is not by virtue of the contract a client or customer of the individual, and "relevant employee" shall be construed accordingly	
sole trader	means an individual who is the sole proprietor of a firm of accountants or lawyers and who does not practise law or accountancy in association with any other person and who does not engage any relevant employee	
Supervisory Bodies Law	means the Proceeds of Crime (Supervisory Bodies) (Jersey) Law 2008, as amended	

2 Calculation of number of relevant employees

- 2.1 For clarity, for the purposes of this notice, "relevant employee" includes but is not limited to:
 - (a) a partner practicing law or accountancy whether alone or with others
 - (b) an individual classified as self-employed for tax or social security purposes but in all other respects meets the definition of relevant employee
 - (c) an individual based or working outside of Jersey but engaged within the Jersey business of the firm of accountants or lawyers and
 - (d) an individual engaged by a firm of accountants or lawyers which is a Jersey entity wherever in the world that individual works or is based and whether or not that individual is engaged in the Jersey business of that firm of accountants or lawyers.
- 2.2 For individuals with fixed term contracts that do not span the full calendar year, the hours worked should be annualised and the bandings (see paragraph 2.3) applied when calculating the number of relevant employees.
- 2.3 The following bandings should be applied when calculating the number of total relevant employees:

(a) up to and including 9 hours per week 0.25 of a person

(b) over 9 hours and up to and including 18 hours per week 0.50 of a person

(c) over 18 hours and up to and including 27 hours per week 0.75 of a person

(d) over 27 hours per week 1 person

- 2.4 The calculation of the number of relevant employees should be undertaken as at the relevant date based upon the relevant employee's engagement over the preceding 12 months. If, on the relevant date, there exists a post that is vacant but would normally be occupied by an individual who meets the definition of a relevant employee, then the calculation should include that position.
- 2.5 **Example 1: fixed term contract.** An individual who has a fixed term contract and is contracted to work full-time (35 hours per week) for four months would equate to:

35 hours x 4 months ÷ 12 months = 11.67 hours per week

The individual would therefore be equivalent to 0.5 of a person in the calculation of the number of relevant employees.

- 2.6 **Example 2: part time working.** An individual who is employed part-time for the whole year at 25 hours per week would represent 0.75 of a person in the calculation of the number of relevant employees.
- 2.7 **Example 3: part time working + fixed term contract.** An individual who is employed part-time on a fixed contract (20 hours per week for 6 months) would equate to:

20 hours x 6 months ÷ 12 months = 10 hours per week

The individual would therefore be equivalent to 0.5 of a person in the calculation of the number of relevant employees NOT 0.75 of a person.

3 Annual fee

- 3.1 Firms of accountants and firms of lawyers shall pay an annual fee of an amount calculated in accordance with the table set out in the Schedule.
- 3.2 The due date for payment of the annual fee shall be four weeks from receipt of your invoice.
- 3.3 The annual fee is subject to a fee cap of £48,930

4 Late payment of fees and/or late submission of fees information

- 4.1 If the annual fee is not received in full by the due date, an additional late payment fee of 5% of the unpaid principal amount will be applied on the day after the due date and on the 1st day of each calendar month after that.
- 4.2 If the firm does not supply the required information to calculate its fee by 24 May 2024, an administration fee of £100 will be charged on the day after the due date and on the 1st day of each calendar month after that while the information is still outstanding. This is in addition to the late payment fee set out in paragraph 4.1 which will be calculated once the information has been submitted.

5 Application fee

- 5.1 An application fee of £217 shall be payable in respect of an application by a sole trader intending to carry on business within the scope of this notice of fees.
- 5.2 An application fee of £583 shall be payable in respect of an application by any other person, or persons, intending to carry on business within the scope of this notice of fees.
- 5.3 The application fee is due at the time of application and is non-refundable.

6 Amendment fee

- 6.1 A fee of £217 shall be paid by a sole trader who applies for an alteration so as to reflect all or any of the following:
 - 6.1.1 A change of the name of the registered person; or
 - 6.1.2 The addition, alteration or removal of conditions pursuant to an application from the registered person.
- 6.2 A fee of £583 shall be paid by any registered person who is not a sole trader who applies for an alteration so as to reflect all or any of the following:
- 6.2.1 A change of the name of the registered person; or
- 6.2.2 The addition, alteration or removal of conditions pursuant to an application from the registered person.

7 Late filing fees

7.1 If a registered person fails to file or deliver any document to us under the provisions of the Supervisory Bodies Law or under any provisions of any Order issued in accordance with the Supervisory Bodies Law on or before the date that the document becomes due, the registered person shall be liable to pay a fee of £100 for each complete month or part thereof that the document remains un-filed or undelivered unless the registered person has given us prior written notice of the reasons for the late filing or delivery of a document and we have agreed in writing that the filing may be late. Any such later agreed date shall become the due date for the purposes of the calculation and the payment of late filing fees.

Schedule

	Base fee	Relevant employee element
Sole trader	£530	Not applicable
All other firms	£2,258	Plus: £249 multiplied by an average of the number of relevant employees (calculated in accordance with this notice) on each of the relevant dates. (The total annual fee is capped at £48,930)